

Subclinical and Incipient TB

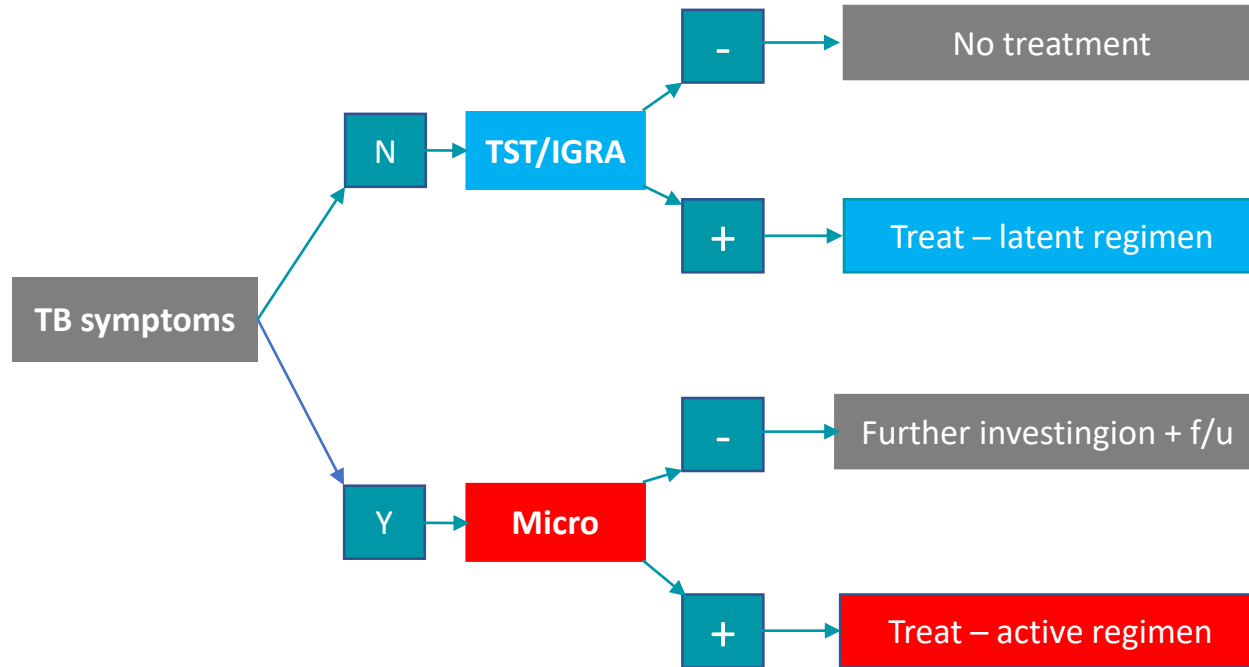
Lessons from history

Dr. Hanif Esmail

MRC Clinical Trials Unit/Institute for Global Health, UCL

9th Sept 2019, INTER-TB, St George's

Binary conceptualization of TB...



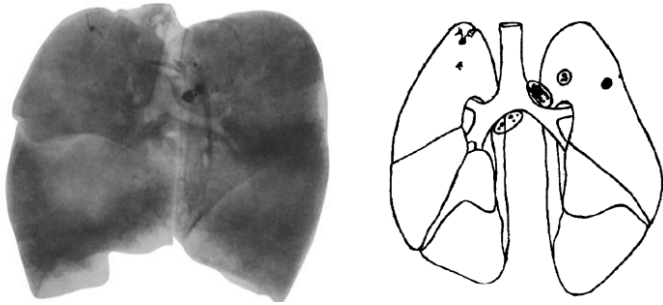
Driven by the diagnostic and treatment paradigm...

“The distinction between latent and clinical tuberculosis, which is not infrequently made, has no other basis than the limitations of diagnostic methods and the tendency of tuberculosis to proceed to recovery.”

- Opie and Andersen 1920

Human autopsy studies in those dying from non-TB causes

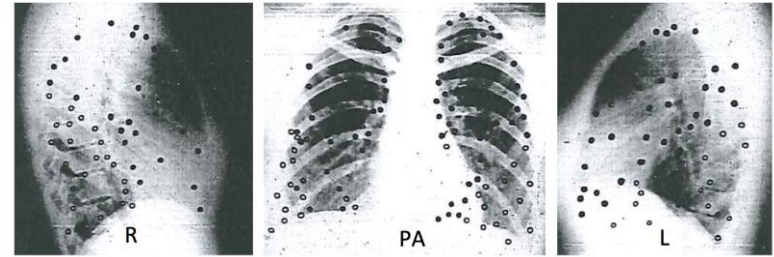
Post-mortem CXR



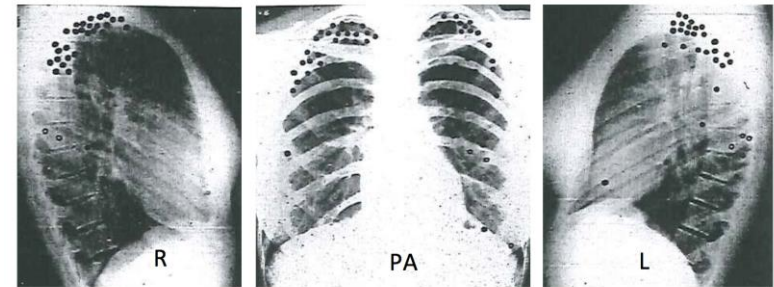
Guinea Pig
inoculation to
determine viable
bacilli

Opie, J. Exp Med - 1917
Opie and Aronson, Archives of Pathology - 1927

Localization of Primary complexes

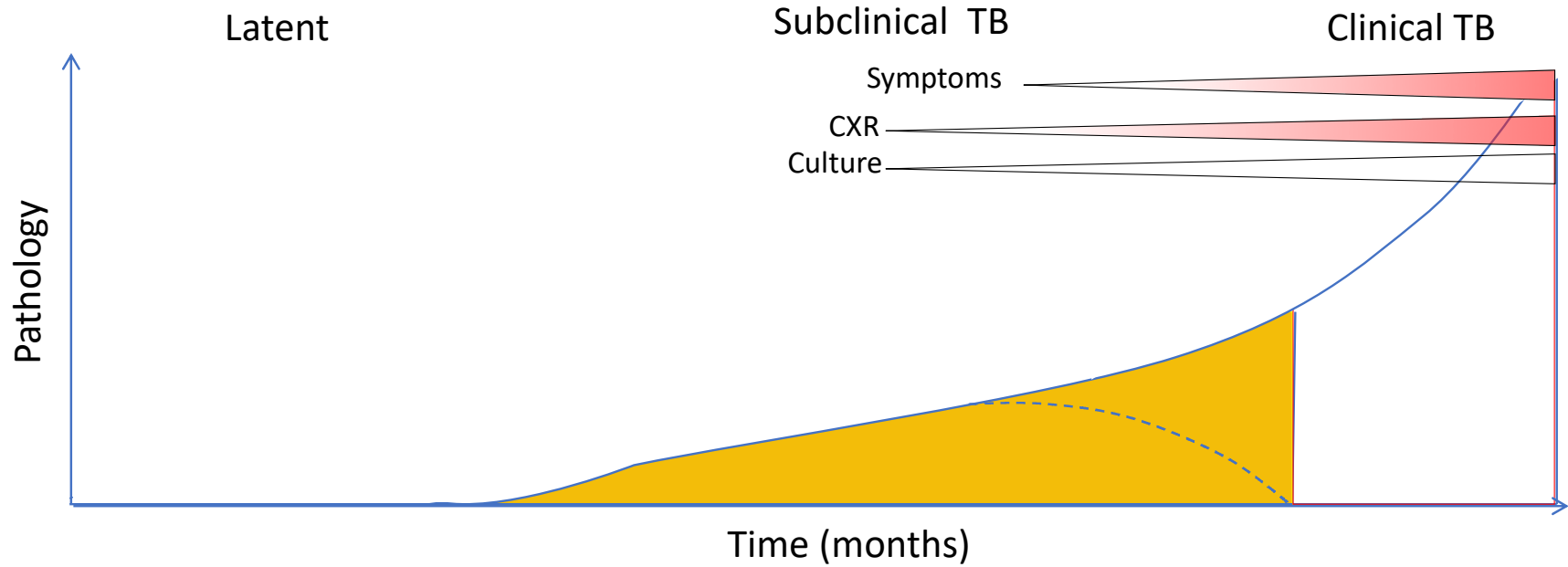


Localization of minimal TB disease lesions



Medlar, Am. Rev Tuberc - 1948

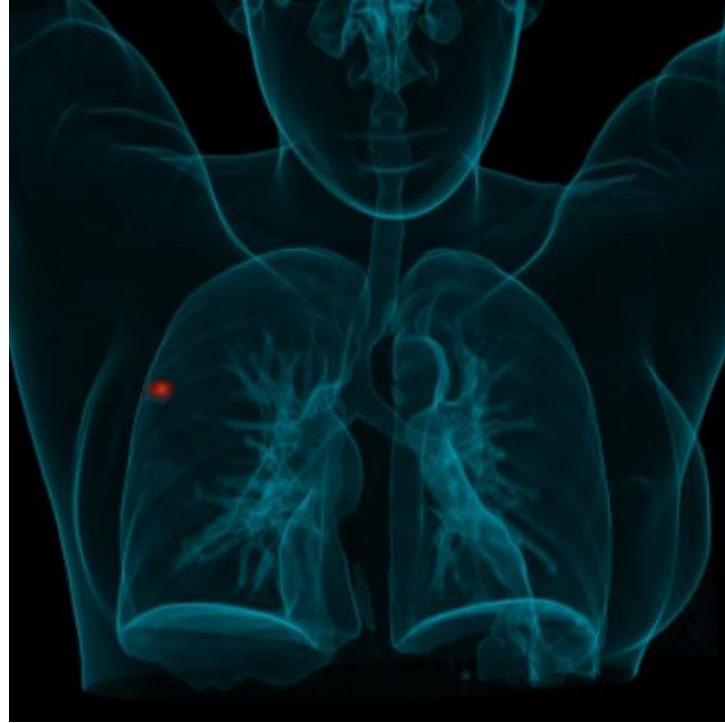
Subclinical TB



FDG-PET/CT for detection of Subclinical TB *in vivo*?



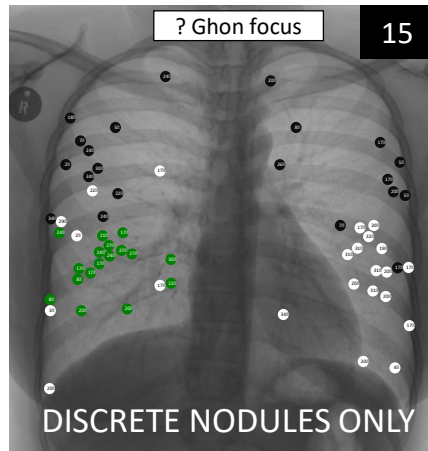
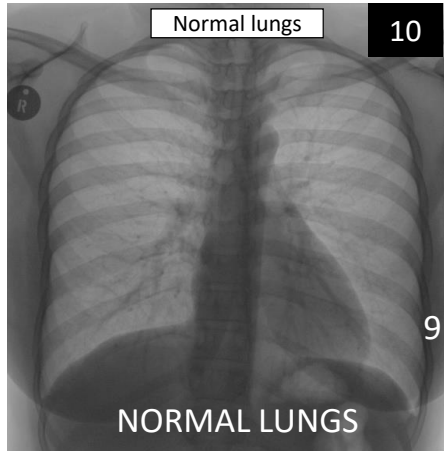
CXR



FDG-PET/CT

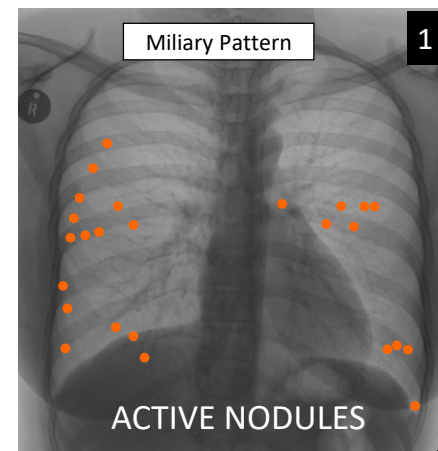
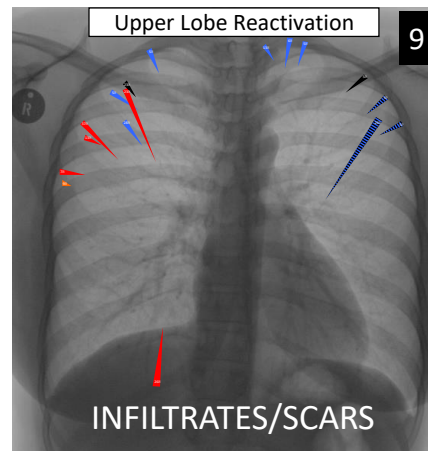
FDG-PET/CT in HIV-1 infected classified as having LTBI

35 symptom -ve, QuantiFERON +ve, CXR no active TB, culture -ve, HIV-1 infected, ART naïve, CD4 > 350/mm³, living in Khayelitsha township, no history of previous TB



25

No evidence subclinical pathology



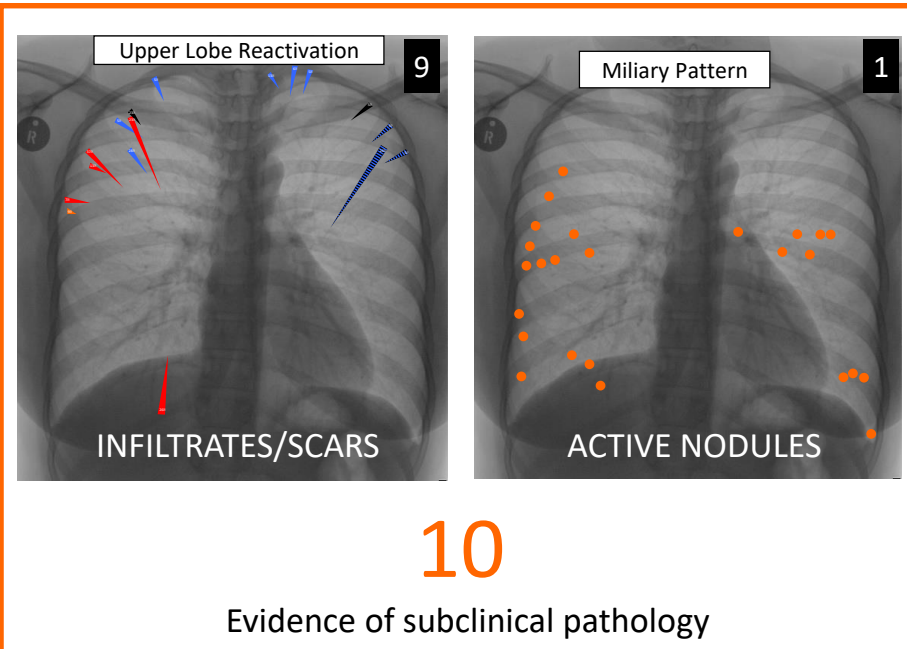
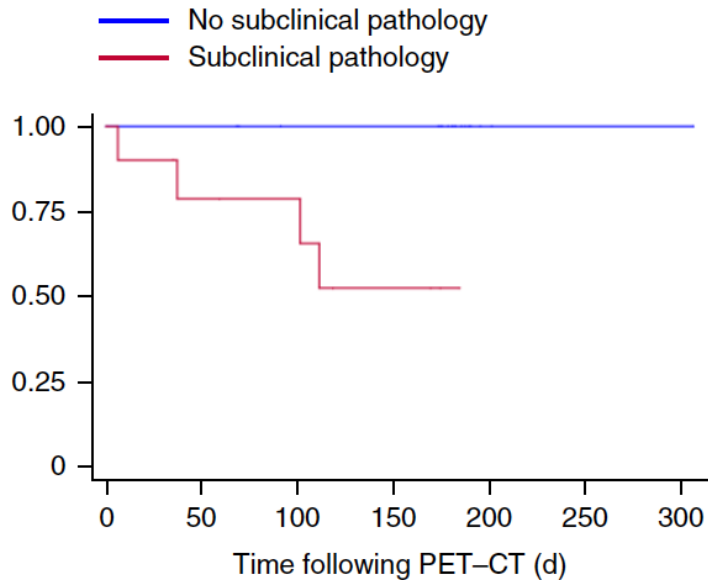
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Evidence of subclinical pathology

FDG-PET/CT in HIV-1 infected classified as having LTBI

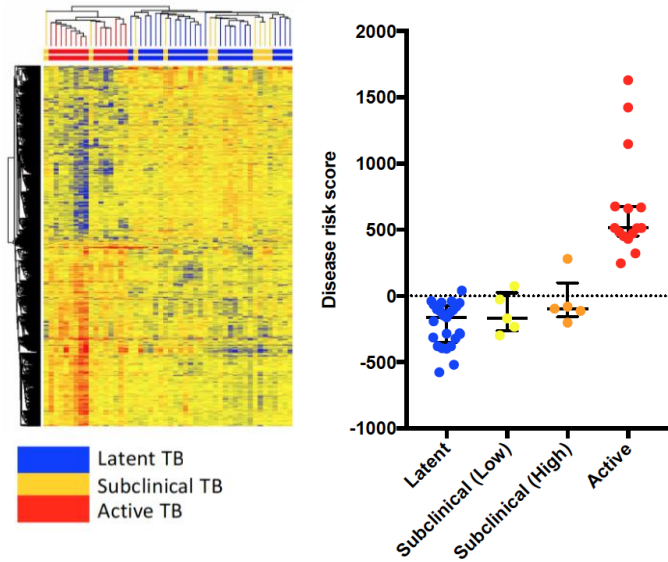
35 symptom -ve, HIV-1 infected, ART naïve, CD4 > 350/mm³, QuantiFERON +ve, CXR no active TB, culture -ve, living in Khayelitsha township, no history of previous TB

PROPORTION NOT ON STANDARD TB THERAPY

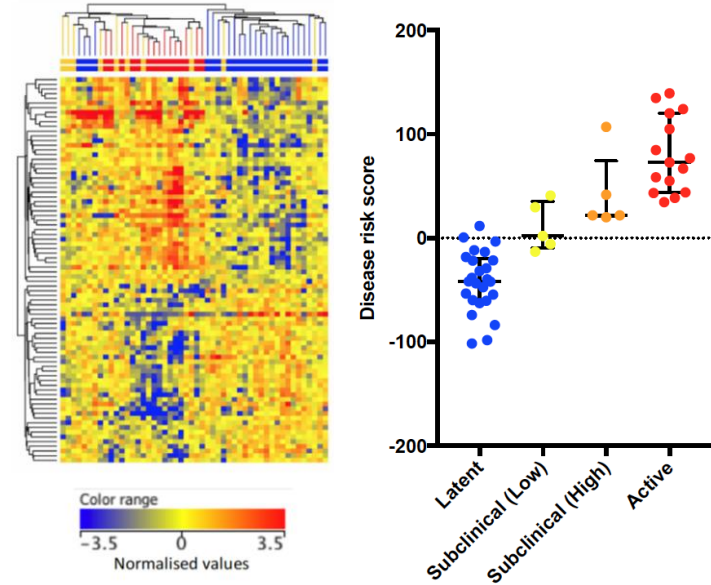


Subset of active TB transcripts identify subclinical disease

ACTIVE SIGNATURE – 893 transcripts

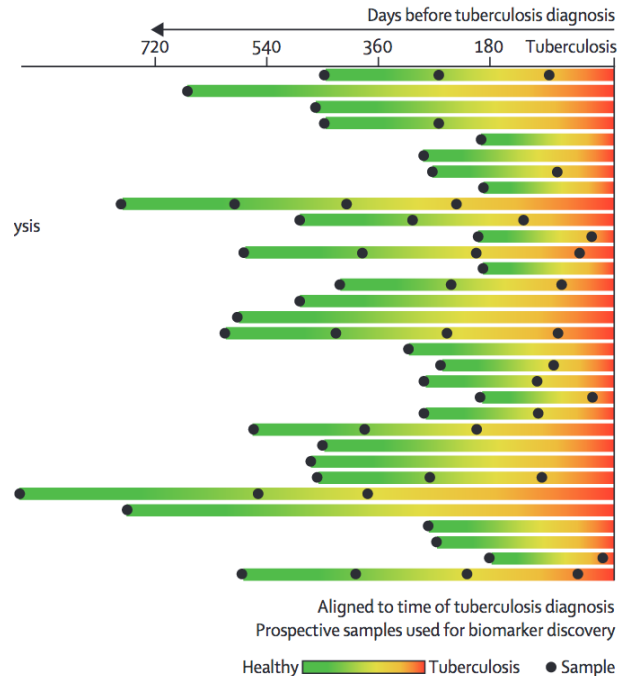


SUBCLIN SUBSET – 82 transcripts

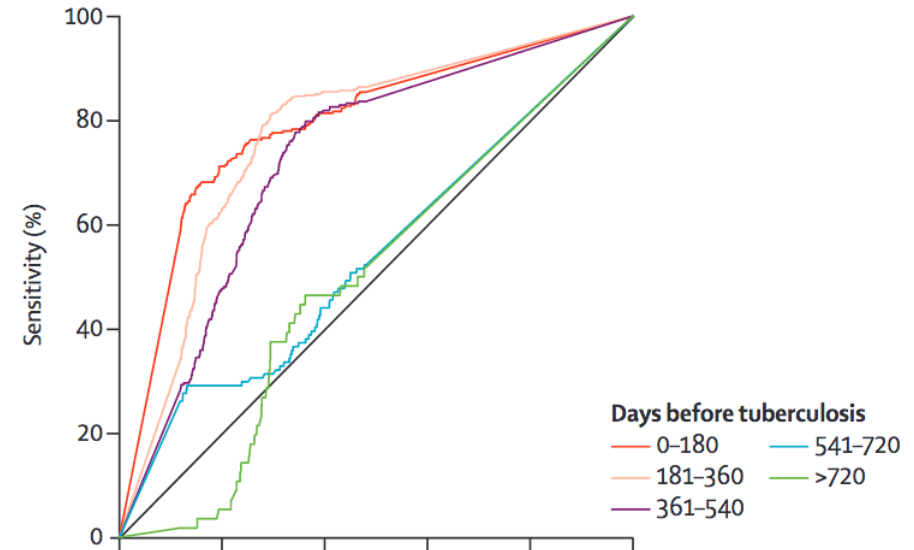


Incipient TB – Transcript signatures predict TB progression

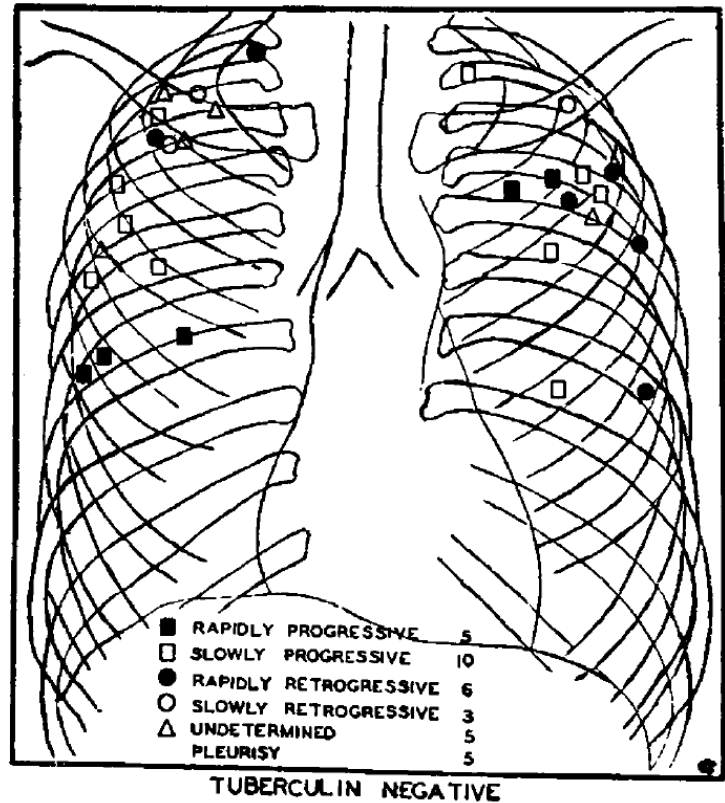
- 6363 SA HIV-uninfected adolescents followed for 2 years with 6 months blood
- 53% QuantiFERON +ve, 1.3% developed disease over 2 years
- Transcripts of 46 progressors compared to 107 controls



ROC curve showing predictive potential of
16 transcript signature



Kinetics of Subclinical TB

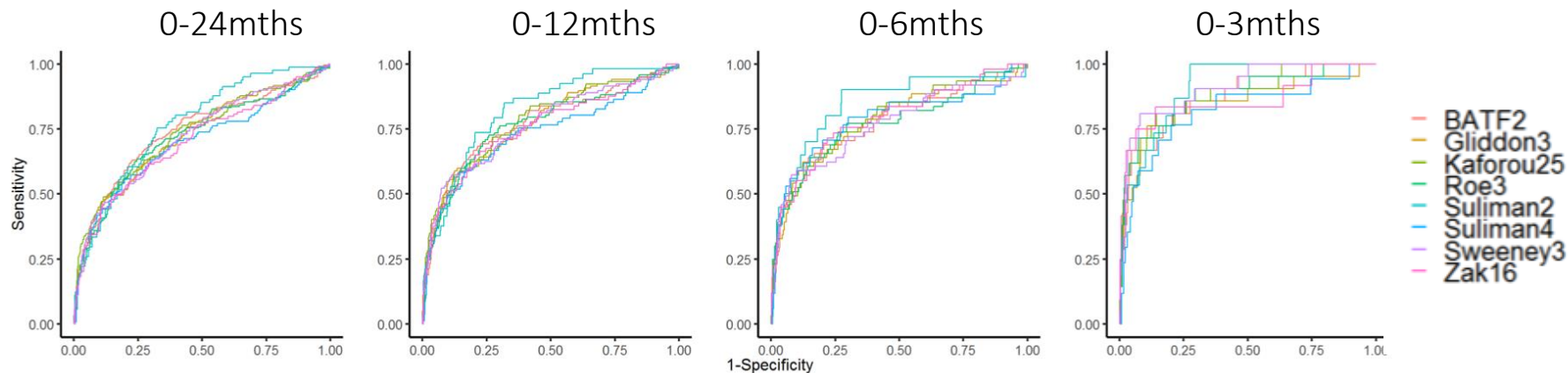


- 277 TST-ve Nursing students USA 1935-9
- All became TST positive (tested 4mthly)
- CXR (4mthly) – over > 3 years
- 29 (10.4%) developed pulmonary lesions
 - Rapid progression 5/29 (17%)
 - Slow progression 10/29 (34%)
 - Rapid Regression 6/29 (21%)
 - Slow Regression 3/29 (10%)
 - Undetermined 5/29 (17%)

Kinetics of Subclinical TB: Impact on diagnostic performance

- Meta-analysis of performance of validated TB transcriptional signatures to predict TB
- 17 validated diagnostic signatures; 4 datasets - 127 cases of incipient TB
- 8 signatures had similar performance

Time before disease presentation (months)



PPV = 6.8-9.4 %
Sens = 25-40 %
Spec = 92-95 %

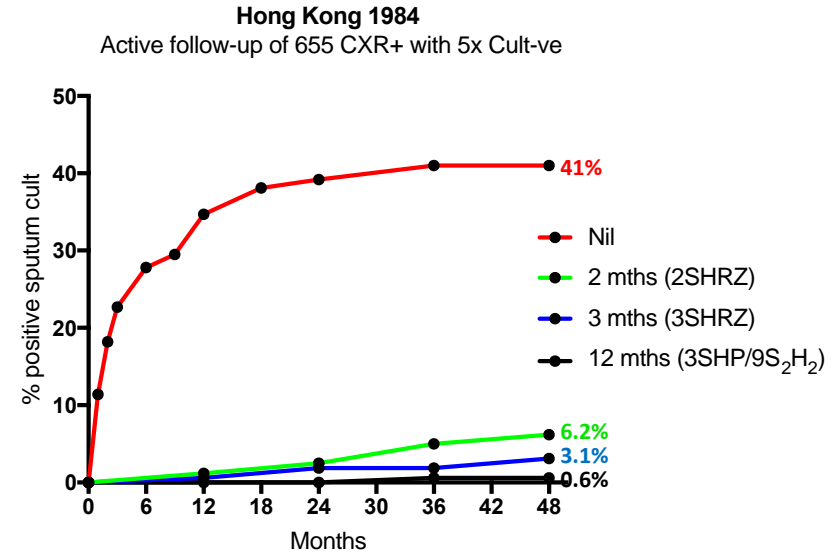
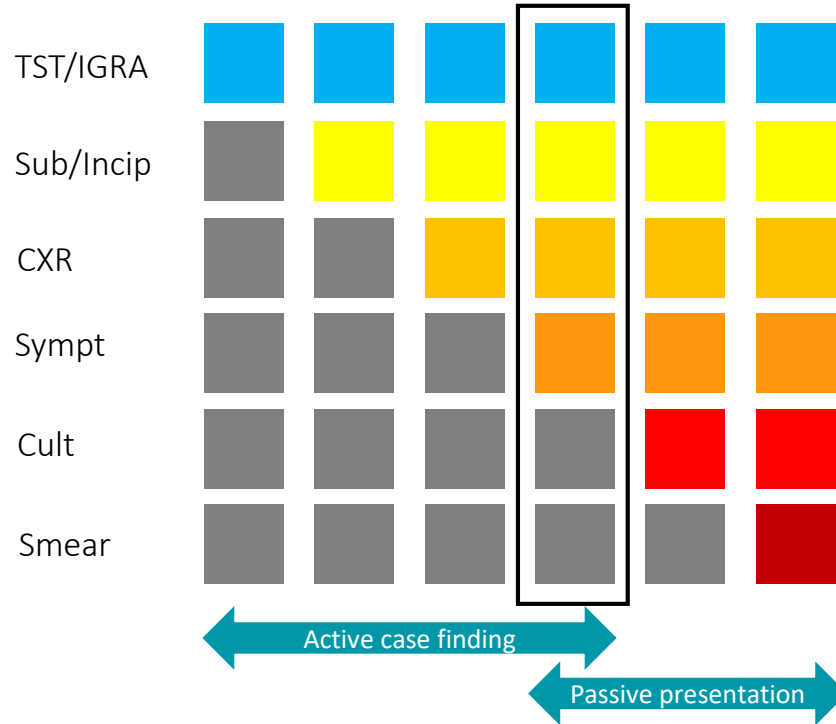
PPV = 8.3-10.3 %
Sens = 33-52 %
Spec = 92-95 %

PPV = 9.5-11.7 %
Sens = 43-57 %
Spec = 91-95 %

PPV = 11.1-14.3 %
Sens = 47-81 %
Spec = 91-95 %

What is the optimal Tx for different parts of disease spectrum?

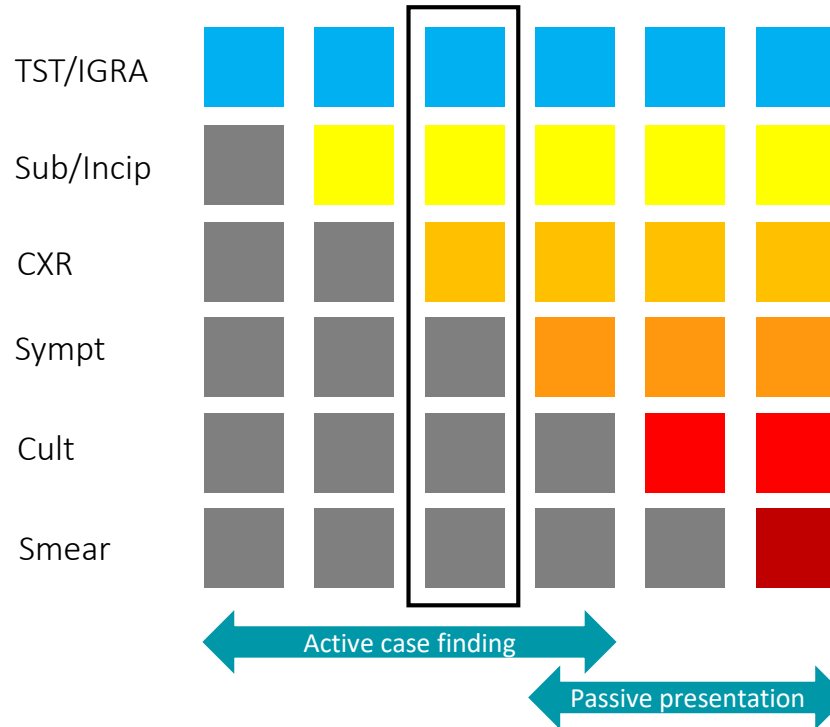
Number of imperfect tests that loosely relate to pathological spectrum of disease...



- CXR suggestive of active TB and 5x culture –ve
- 68% had symptoms (60% cough)
- 173 not treated – intensive f/u

What is the optimal Tx for different parts of disease spectrum?

Number of imperfect tests that loosely relate to pathological spectrum of disease...



Tubercle, Lond., (1958), **39**, 129

ORIGINAL ARTICLES

A Controlled Trial of Chemotherapy in Pulmonary Tuberculosis of Doubtful Activity
Report from the Research Committee of the Tuberculosis Society of Scotland*

- 191 CXR suggestive of active TB and culture –ve
- No symptoms or other signs of disease
- Randomized to 6H₂₀₀PAS₁₀ or observation
- 24 month f/u
- 17.8% bact/radiographic deterioration (control)
- 8.5% bact/radiographic deterioration (6HPAS)

Conclusions

- ❖ Binary approach to TB reflects the diagnostic and treatment paradigm
- ❖ Disease pathology may precede disease presentation by months - years
- ❖ Likely that novel tests for incipient TB detect those with early disease
- ❖ Most early disease will be identified by active case finding
- ❖ Optimal treatment is unclear

Acknowledgements

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- Robert J Wilkinson
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- Frank Cobelens



**TB Modelling and Analysis
Consortium**

Increasing the effectiveness of TB care and prevention